

Please complete all questions

1. Consider the following curvilinear transformation of coordinates

$$x = e^u \cos v \quad y = e^u \sin v \quad z = w$$

- (a) Show that (u, v, w) are an orthogonal coordinate system.

- (b) Express the line element ds^2 in terms of u, v, w .

- (c) Find the divergence of the vector field $\vec{F} = w\hat{e}_v - e^u\hat{e}_w$.

2. Let $\mathcal{B} = \{\vec{b}_1, \vec{b}_2\}$ where

$$\vec{b}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \vec{b}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

be basis for a vector space.

(a) A vector \vec{v} expressed in coordinates relative to the basis \mathcal{B} is $[\vec{v}]_{\mathcal{B}} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Express \vec{v} in the standard basis.

(b) Another vector \vec{x} expressed in the standard basis is $\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 2 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$. Express this vector in coordinates relative to the basis \mathcal{B} .

3. Given the set of polynomials \mathbb{P}_2 on $C[-1, 1]$ with inner product $\langle f | g \rangle = \int_{-1}^1 f(t)g(t) dt$.

(a) Find $\langle 1 | t^2 \rangle$ and $\|t^2\|$.

(b) Show that the set $\mathcal{B} = \{t, t^2, 1 - \frac{5}{3}t^2\}$ is orthogonal on $C[-1, 1]$.

(b) Taking \mathcal{B} as a basis for \mathbb{P}_2 , find the coordinate vector for the polynomial $p(t) = 1 + t + t^2$ relative to the basis \mathcal{B}

4. Given the set of vectors

$$S = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -8 \\ -2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

Use Gram Schmidt to find an orthogonal basis for $\text{Span}(S)$.